WHOLE PERSON HEALING THROUGH CHURCH SELF-HELP GROUPS:

EVERYBODY'S BUSINESS

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WELLNESS IS WHOLENESS!



Wellness is wholeness or harmony between:

- aspects of the self (mind, body and spirit)
- self and God
- self and others, and in addition
- self and the natural environment

A STRATEGY FOR ACHIEVING WHOLE PERSON HEALTH

MISSION

Total healing for the whole person

GOAL

Positive changes in values and behaviours

CONTEXT

Small groups in community ("in- reach" and "out-reach")

APPROACH

Multi-disciplinary teamwork

ENABLEMENT

The inner potential and gifts of members
The creative and supernatural activity of God

THE "SPEERS" GROUP MODEL

- s mall group based
- P eer managed for Promotion and Prevention
- **E** nrichment oriented
- **E nabling** in crisis
- R econciling and healing
- S elf-help support in philosophy

Small group based: TYPES OF SMALL GROUPS

ROLE-RELATED GROUPS

(gender, stage of life, marital status, responsibilities)

SPECIAL FUNCTION-RELATED GROUPS

(Enrichment, crisis, anger management, recovery, rehabilitative, other special needs)

^{*} family, work, church etc

Small group based: WHY A SMALL GROUP?

- Basic unit of productivity (Moses, Nehemiah, Jesus, The Early Church)
- Best context for lifelong socialization process for the promotion of healthy lifestyles and relationships
- Most powerful human agency for
 - -meeting needs (overcoming individualism, isolation, lifestyle and life problems)
 - -providing social support
 - –promoting whole person growth and development
 - -healing, reconciliation and restoration

Peer managed for Promotion and Prevention

- PEERS: Those with whom we identify as we share many things in common. Together, as a group, we will focus on and manage:
- PROMOTION of activities to maintain and and improve wellness; and on
- PREVENTION of current needs and concerns from becoming crises

Enrichment oriented

- "Here-and-now" self and other awareness
- Promotion of whole person growth for the "abundant life" – a lifelong learning process
- Building mutual-aid for effective interpersonal relationships
- Fun, humour, play, laughter
- Enjoying nature and the environment
- Music, drama, poetry, art

Primary Outcome Targets:

- Overcoming and Wellness
- The victorious "Spirit-filled" life

Enabling in crises

- Presence be there!
- Prayer "the prayer of a good person has a powerful effect" (James 5:16)
- Promises of God "hold out the life line"
- Protection to meet support, safety and security needs
- Pro-action

Reconciling and Healing

- Context: Groups for a "healing community"
- Purpose: Enabling reconciliation and restoration to God and others
- Pre-requisite: Love and the Holy Spirit's empowerment
- Process: Repentance, Confession, Forgiveness, Restoration (may involve reparation to others)
- Outcome: Healing, Health, Transformation

Why Self-help?

- Answers lie within the self
- Self discovery and answers enabled by the selfhelp group process
- Help and change most permanent when there is self-initiative and self-responsibility
- Most inexpensive and accessible form of whole person health care
- Local church has the power, through the Holy Spirit, to unleash self-empowerment and mutual support

HEALING FACTORS IN GROUPS

- Universalisation ("I am not alone")
- Ventilation of thoughts and feelings
- Empathy and solidarity
- Learning
- Altruism (helping each other)
- Acceptance and belonging (group bonding)
- Growth personal and group
- Prayer

The "Circle of Change": Stages of Interaction

For any Small Peer Managed Self Help Group to function adequately, there needs to be specific stages of interaction.

A "CIRCLE OF CHANGE" is suggested in the diagram and description following. The group will naturally go back and forth as necessary between the different stages. Each group can make adaptations to these stages as necessary depending on its constituents, specific characteristics of membership setting or collective goals.

The "Circle of Change"



The "Circle of Change": Stages of Interaction

- 1. Group members may begin by SHARING:
 - special concerns as well as
 - positive developments and
 - new learning.
- 2. Next, in response, members can seek AWARENESS BUILDING through sharing from their own:
 - knowledge base and research
 - insights
 - life experiences

The "Circle of Change": Stages of Interaction

- 3. Each person can engage in SELF EVALUATION relating to self awareness gained. Eg:
 - Where am I now?
 - -And where do I need to be?

Then, individuals and the group can engage in REFLECTION ON BLOCKAGES. Eg.:

- What has been preventing me from achieving my goal for change? (past blockages)
- What will prevent me from achieving my goal for change? (expected blockages)

4. To facilitate achieving goals for change, there can be a mutual ENCOURAGING OF ACCOUNTABILITY.

- Each person could <u>commit to being accountable</u> to the group in seeking to make specific action changes.
- The group can respond by <u>holding members</u> accountable and providing <u>encouragement</u> and <u>congratulations</u>.

5. In order to help each other deal with the pains and traumas related to their expressed concerns and the struggles of overcoming blockages to lifestyle and problem solving changes, the group can seek to become a SUPPORTIVE FELLOWSHIP.

This can involve:

- listening and empathy
- information giving
- moral support
- prayer

DON'TS

The above elements in the Circle of Change as well as the enablement, enrichment and reconciling referred to will tremendously enable sell help. In order to enable the most adequate self help, the following is discouraged:

- Giving advice Each person needs to make their own choices
- Taking on solving the problems of others One can give general information and suggest referrals.

Obviously, in many emergency situations the nearest persons need to act and everyone needs to be onboard.

DON'TS

Preserve Confidentiality
 The safety of sharing depends on it.

KEY POINTS

- Congregations need to develop a strategy for achieving wellness/ wholeness.
- Small, peer-managed, self-help groups (The "SPEERS" model) provide the context and the foundation for building healing and healthy communities.
- Self-help groups are the best means for fostering promotive and preventive activities.
- Self-help groups provide for enrichment, enablement in crisis, reconciliation and healing in our relationship with (God and) others.

KEY POINTS

- Self-help groups, when properly organized, have inherent healing properties
- Self-help groups are the best medium for enabling the "cycle for change"
- Self-help groups are everybody's business we all need to be a part of one
- Small, peer managed, self-help groups are what we need in our churches today; for the building up of each other and for bringing healing and reconciliation to our nation.

Next Steps

- Identify types of groups needed
- Spend quality time in preparing for setting up such groups
- Seek professional guidance if necessary
- Do the necessary planning and organizing
- Adopt a participatory approach in all group activities
- Build leadership within the group
- Prayerfully seek God's guidance in all of the above

Reach out....

- How can I be there for you?
- How can you be there for me?
- How can we be there for each other?
- There is no other way to be.

Thank You!

God Bless You.

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